

学生学习报告

学期：23T1 (2023年上学期)
学生姓名：闻德渊 学生编号：3110292209

主课教学报告

主课老师：王晓菲、孙士迪

一、班级状况与孩子状态

这个四年级的学生人数，与上一学期一样，29人，女生15人，男生14人，男女生相当。女同学在意识状态上较男同学显得更清醒自觉，男同学差异性较大，几个大一点的男孩稳重清晰，其余的孩子心智偏小。通常班级容量大不易组织教学，这个班四年来在主班老师的权威下，孩子们得以有稳定有序的学习节奏，孩子们的跟随性非常好，各科老师们都可以顺利有序地进行教学活动。

在斯坦纳的讲述中，大约四五六年级这一年龄段称为童年的心脏。介于青春期和少儿的中段，整体来说较为平衡。4月中旬，主班老师孙士迪因家庭原因不能持续工作，我暂代主班老师工作，孩子们在校的学习秩序可以继续保持，但环境的变化还是带给孩子们很多不稳定。师生之间的新关系，促使他们不得不清醒面对。

十岁的孩子们有强大的能量，他们渴望对这个世界有更多了解，渴望从各个角度去发现，如从自然科学，动物与人类的关系，从形变的角度去研究，对本地环境的历史与地理的角度去看。他们可以有一些新的挑战，可以有更多独立机会工作。对于个体与集体，比以往有了新的需求，既要保持集体的紧密关系，同时个体的发展是来自内在的持续需要。

二、教学内容

4月中旬接替工作以来的教学内容如下

人与动物 1周半

中国上古神话 3周

北京地理 3周（士迪带，我主带游学）

另有语文，后改为戏剧（北欧神话）；塑形；水彩等。

三、课堂记录及班级观察

《人与动物》的一周半时间里，压缩时间完成了三个内容的学习，孩子们自主完成了一个小项目，关于鹰。老师的带领学习已有近四年，孩子们很熟悉了，他们需要机会挑战自我，或者可以看作是一次自我学习的检验，我选择了项目学习，经由小组合作，通过查寻资料、创编歌曲、写诗词、绘画等艺术手段的综合运用，孩子们尝试独立学习，展示的时间只有一节课，前期的准备的确花了不少功夫。以后多一些自主学习的机会，对孩子们来说，是必要的。

《中国上古神话》是接续上学期的英雄史诗，从五帝到大禹，这一过程中，是班级师生的一次共同想象，在庞杂巨大的神话体系里，孩子们可以感受到中国古人思想的由来与传承，自上古时期，至眼下，一以贯之。对于他们的意识发展，如何——对应，孩子们在故事中，可以自己体验到，这份体验中的细节因人而异，未来下学期将进入到中国历史的学习中，将会进一点深入，通过了解外在而达到内在觉醒。期间加入了一些古汉语的体验，孩子们完全沉浸其中，喜悦与享受在每个孩子的脸上和心里，学习的愉悦是可见的，可感的。所以，学习是快乐的，学海无涯不见得是苦作舟，就看是什么样的学习。

《本地地理》是一门综合学科，放在学期末是较为合理的。本学期的地理是围绕北京城的历史与地理而展开，并且需要通过脚踏实地的感受，方能建立我与世界的链接，所以游学很重要。但由于天气炎热，原本5天的计划，压缩为3天。我们需要面对这种意外，有安然的态度。孩子们直呼不过瘾。游学主要走了两条线，一是作为北京城水源的人力建设下，建立在白浮瓮山河基础上的京密引水渠，是作为这条引水渠边上的我们，必然要经历的。下游作为北运河的北端，是京津非常重要的一段。二是北京城的建设与发展中最为重要的中轴线理念，也是中国文化中最重要的思想体现之一，北京中轴线从永定门出发至钟鼓楼，遗憾的是，我们只到达了景山西门。希望有时间可以补得上。其中关键的一点是两线交汇处的万宁桥。

四、总结与反思

能与这个班的孩子一起工作是幸福的，孩子们是天然纯净的，感恩相遇。

能与这个班的家长有接触也是幸运的，家长们已是较为成熟的社区家庭成员了。

能与这个班的老师们一起工作是愉悦的，老师们的尽心尽力随处可见。

先说写作，在每个主题中，都贯穿着语文的学习与运用，四年级的写作是每堂主课不可分割的一部分。看到的

是每个孩子的手与脚有触手渐近的近步。对每个孩子来说，写作不再是个课题，一定是写作成了家常便饭。有的孩子可以写得流畅自由，但总是有些孩子需要一些鼓励。如果能有时间，可以增加一些语文的练习会更好。

再说戏剧，这是本学期末我接手以来的一项重要工作。它需要老师的全心全力，需要与孩子内在的心魂深入工作。不然，只是一场戏而已。整体的呈现，还算不错，过程中有待反思与总结。学校中的戏剧课，它的目标究竟是什么，如何与孩子的意识发展结合，支持孩子的成长呢。戏剧可以全方位照见，照见老师，照见孩子，如此重要的课堂，我们如何珍惜与利用。

最后，是老师本身，我们带着怎样的心与孩子工作。

五、附录

资料：

科瓦奇讲动物

中国古代神话

开天辟地

北京地理历史

课程学习报告

课程编号	W0141	课程名称: 塑形等	任课教师: 王晓菲	总课时: 103
课程描述	<p>包括的课程有：塑形、语文、水彩、戏剧、中国神话</p> <p>主课程为中国上古神话，戏剧为主课课程延伸，北欧神话的戏剧练习。塑形与水彩是配合主课的艺术方式，语文作为长线课，与主课、戏剧等都互有关联。在主课教学总结里有呈现。</p> <p>除此外，还有本地地理之北京地理游学部分。</p>			
个体表现	<p>一个很温和的孩子，对自己有明确的要求，所以很认真对待学习，也需要老师的提醒，否则也会受到他人的影响，忘记了自己的工作。与同学相处，大度包容，不计较。也需要老师及时的提醒，帮助从被别人的影响中回到自身。他有时易受他人的影响，他也是总愿意与人相处，且与同学关系良好。</p>			
课程编号	Y0163	课程名称: 手工	任课教师: 马蕾	总课时: 40
课程描述	<p>对于四年级的手工课，一个很重要的内容是学习十字绣，学生们要自行设计和绣制图形和颜色都对称的图案，为织物做装饰或者进一步缝制成实用的物品。绣十字绣类似于跳音语舞时做出双臂交叉的“A”的姿势。它呼应了孩子们从三年级刚刚降落到大地上，到四年级自我意识的萌芽的过程，可以帮助孩子们变得更加精确，可以唤醒他们的内在，让孩子们从内在体会到中心感，“我”的意识更加清晰。帮助他们刚开始要独立的阶段找到自信心、个性的力量和内在的坚定。</p> <p>基本的图案设计是孩子们学习的一部分，设计图案时需要注重对称性，左右对称、上下对称，以及中心对称。一方面藉由身体的对称性，孩子们体验到对称是一种重要的内在练习，另一方面对称本身实际上对应的是空间关系，而不是线条，因此孩子们要始终带着空间意识去工作。在颜色的选择上，学生们要掌握如何运用颜色提升图形的效果，以及如何用色彩彰显作品的功能性。在工艺上，需要保持十字交叉的一致性。</p> <p>具体教学内容包括：</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1) 缝制作为练习的小绣片，并装饰在剑套上。 2) 设计并缝制20厘米见方的大绣片，加里布和拉链后，制作成笔袋。 			
个体表现	<p>闻德渊在手工课上有学习的主动性和热情，对自己要求很高。他的手工基本功扎实，课上跟随度好，总是集中注意力听讲，并能够很用心地对待学习，也愿意课下花时间做手工。他的作品用色细腻，造型有创意。他能够独自专注的工作，也喜欢和同学们一起工作，社交的融入度很好。身体和手指的力量略显单薄，需要加强练习。希望他更加放松，勇敢的创造和尝试。</p>			
课程编号	T0087	课程名称: 鼓乐	任课教师: 田波	总课时: 20
课程描述	<p>在以人智学启迪下的儿童教育（或教育观）的发展下，处于意识灵心的时代（自我，个体化），以中国传统音乐追求（与己合、与他合、与环境合）的精神品质，使用西安鼓乐乐集贤乐社的六调坐乐套曲为教学轴心内容，在青少年教育中给予多元的（音声、天文、人文、地理）视角及思维模式，为青少年树立文化自信和建立中国文化特有的思维形态。</p>			
个体表现	<p>本学期变化较大，少了一些灵动活泼，多了一些向下的力量（常见趴在桌子上发呆），课堂活动参与的积极性也降低了，持续的关注中。与他人社交未见不和谐。</p>			
课程编号	L0120	课程名称: 英语	任课教师: 凤金辉	总课时: 50

课程描述	<p>在大约十岁的时候，孩子进入四年级，开始对自己有了一种新的、更强的意识。英语课上口头工作需要继续进行，包括言语练习、诗歌、歌曲和问答游戏。同时，孩子们一直期待的文本书写被引入，并成为今年的主题。课程以书写、单词拼写和阅读写出的内容为中心。书写是基于孩子们在前三年学习的内容来进行的。通常，他们在书写中识别出他们已经耳熟能详的词汇。这些词汇在经过多次的口头练习后，再次写在单词家族列表中（例如身体部位、教室、季节）。</p> <p>班级教学内容基本上按照以上大纲要求开展，核心目标是通过把以往学过的耳熟能详的诗歌、歌曲、韵文的内容写出来，孩子们通过不断猜测发现是自己会读的，练习后抄写到主课本。通过阅读自己写出来的这些内容扩展基础词汇，同时通过the hang man 等小游戏进行强化练习。</p> <p>学期后段课堂上开始尝试留五分钟自主阅读时间，读牛津树初级绘本，为五年级开展更多阅读做准备。</p>			
个体表现	课堂上跟随，工作认真，进入状态需要的时间较长，对规则的严格执行非常在意。			
课程编号	L0121	课程名称: 日语	任课教师: 赵月晗	总课时: 50
课程描述	四年级学习完所有假名发音之后，开始学习时间，日期，星期，颜色，动物，水果等单词，就是把过去学习过的大量单词进行书写整理。同时复习过去学习过的歌谣韵文，练习很多绕口令。			
个体表现	转变非常大，开始有调皮的一面出现。有时候专注，而且专注的时候品质非常高。走神的时候很容易被叫回来，现在和班级的同学们融入的非常好。			
课程编号	T0089	课程名称: 体育	任课教师: 王利伟	总课时: 40
课程描述	<p>四年级游戏课：</p> <p>从这是我，那是你的意义上来说，重点从‘我们’转移到‘我’。这也涉及到对于极性的体验，如做梦和清醒、弱和强、安全和危险或是创造和毁灭。这种极性的节奏强调呼吸元素的收缩和扩张。在涉及到一个对抗群体的游戏中，分离原则变得更强。游戏变得更为紧张，孩子需要从教师植入游戏的图景中清醒过来，那些还处于做梦状态的就被抓住了。</p> <p>在这个年龄段，孩子可以开始经常挑战成人的权威，或者感觉自己从群体中脱离。在这里，学习和尊重规则的社会和道德方面就变得非常重要。随着个人越来越多地意识到其自身的空间，无论在字面意义还是内在意义上，课程需要通过开始正式地培养孩子对于空间维度（上与下、左与右、前与后并通过自主活动来对之进行整合）品质的感觉来进行回应。</p>			
个体表现	喜欢运动，积极参与到游戏中，可以比较好的执行游戏中的指令，有想法会及时和老师沟通。			

Student Learning Report for Semester 23T1 (First Semester of 2023)

Student Name: Wen Deyuan

Student ID: 3110292209

Main Class Subject Report

Main Teachers: Wang Xiaofei, Sun Shidi

1. Class Overview and Student Condition

The number of students in this fourth-grade class remains the same as the previous semester, with 29 students—15 girls and 14 boys. The ratio of boys to girls is balanced. In terms of awareness, the girls appear more alert and self-aware, while there is more variability among the boys. Some of the older boys are steady and clear-minded, while the rest exhibit less mental maturity. Typically, larger class sizes can make organizing math lessons difficult. However, under the authority of the homeroom teacher, this class has maintained a stable and orderly learning rhythm over the past four years, with students following instructions well. All subject teachers can carry out teaching activities effectively.

According to Steiner's philosophy, children in the fourth and fifth grades are considered to be in the "heart of childhood," a period between early childhood and adolescence. This phase is generally balanced. In mid-April, due to family reasons, Mr. Sun Shidi, the main teacher, could no longer continue teaching, so I temporarily took over. Although the learning environment remained stable, the change still brought some uncertainty for the students. The new teacher-student relationship forced them to face this shift with clarity.

Ten-year-olds are full of powerful energy. They are eager to learn more about the world and to explore from different perspectives, such as natural science, the relationship between animals and humans, and historical and geographical contexts. They face new challenges and have opportunities for both individual and collective growth, needing to balance close group ties with personal development.

2. Teaching Content

Since taking over in mid-April, the following topics were covered:

- Humans and Animals: 1 week
- Ancient Chinese Mythology: 3 weeks
- Beijing Geography: 3 weeks (including a field trip led by me)
- Additional subjects: Chinese language, later switched to drama (Norse mythology), sculpture, watercolor painting, etc.

3. Classroom Notes and Observations

- During the one-and-a-half weeks dedicated to "Humans and Animals," we completed three topics, and the students independently worked on a small project about eagles. After nearly four years of guided learning, the students are familiar with the process. They need opportunities to challenge themselves and experience self-directed learning. I chose a project-based approach, where students worked in groups to gather information, write lyrics, compose songs, and create artwork. Although the final presentation only took one class period, the preparation required significant effort. In the future, more opportunities for independent learning will be essential for the students.
- In "Ancient Chinese Mythology," we built upon the heroic stories from the previous semester, continuing with the Five Emperors and the story of the Great Flood. This journey was a shared imaginative experience for both students and teachers, allowing the students to understand the origins and inheritance of ancient Chinese thought. From ancient times to the present, this continuity has shaped their development of consciousness. The students had their own unique experiences during the stories, and in the next semester, we will delve deeper into Chinese history, further awakening their inner awareness through external understanding. We also included a brief introduction to classical Chinese, where students were fully immersed and joyful, visibly enjoying the learning process. This shows that learning can be a joyful experience.
- "Local Geography" is a comprehensive subject that was introduced at the end of the semester, which is appropriate. The geography lessons focused on the history and geography of Beijing, and real-world experiences were necessary to establish a connection between the students and the world. The field trip was crucial but shortened from five days to three due to hot weather. We needed to adapt to this change with a calm attitude, though the students felt they hadn't had enough time. The trip covered two main lines of exploration: (1) the Beijing-Miyun Water Diversion Canal, a key construction project in the history of Beijing, built on natural rivers and mountains, and (2) Beijing's central axis, a symbol of Chinese culture, stretching from Yongdingmen to the Drum Tower. Unfortunately, we only reached

the westernmost gate, and I hope to continue this exploration in the future. A key point was the Wanning Bridge, where the two lines intersect.

4. Reflection and Summary

- Working with this class of students has been a blessing. They are naturally pure, and I am grateful for the opportunity to meet them. I am also fortunate to interact with the parents, who are now mature members of the school community. Working alongside the other teachers has been a pleasure, as their dedication is evident at all times.
- Regarding writing, language learning and application have been integrated into every lesson. Writing is an inseparable part of the fourth-grade curriculum. While many students write smoothly and freely, some still need encouragement. More time spent practicing structured writing would be beneficial.
- Concerning drama, this was an important project I took over at the end of the semester. Drama requires full commitment from the teacher and deep inner work with the students. Otherwise, it would simply be a performance. The overall presentation was decent, but there is room for reflection and improvement. The role of drama in the curriculum and how it supports the students' development is something that needs further exploration. Drama can provide insight into both the teacher and the students. Such an important class deserves more attention and careful use.
- Lastly, as teachers, we must always reflect on our own attitudes and approaches to working with children.

5. Appendix Materials:

- Kovacs on Humans and Animals
- Ancient Chinese Mythology: Creation of Heaven and Earth
- Beijing Geography and History

End of Report.

Course Study Report

Course Code: W0141 | Course Name: sculpture | Instructor: Wang Xiaofei | Total Class Hours: 103

The included courses are sculpture, Chinese language, watercolor painting, drama, and Chinese mythology.

Course Description:

- The main course was Ancient Chinese Mythology, with the drama serving as an extension of the course, focusing on the practice of Norse mythology in theater. Sculpture and watercolor painting were integrated as artistic approaches to support the main course, while language lessons were long-term and connected to both the main course and drama. These aspects are presented in the main course teaching summary.
- Additionally, there was a local geography component with a field trip focused on the geography of Beijing.

Student's Individual Performance:

- This student is gentle and has clear expectations for themselves, taking their studies seriously. However, they sometimes need reminders from the teacher, as they can be influenced by the performance of others, causing them to forget their own tasks. In their interactions with classmates, the student is generous and forgiving, but also needs timely reminders to stay focused on their own work. They are easily influenced by others but enjoy socializing and maintain good relationships with their peers.

Course Code: Y0163 | Course Name: Handicrafts | Instructor: Ma Lei | Total Class Hours: 40

Course Description:

- For fourth-grade handicrafts, an important component is learning cross-stitching. Students design and stitch symmetrical patterns in both shape and color, which can be used to decorate fabrics or turned into practical items. Cross-stitching resembles the "A" posture with crossed arms in jump rope, reflecting the children's journey from grounding in third grade to the emergence of self-awareness in fourth grade. This practice helps children become more precise, awakening their inner selves and enhancing their clarity of self-awareness. It builds confidence, individuality, and inner strength as they begin to embrace independence.

- Basic pattern design is part of the learning process, focusing on symmetry—left and right, top and bottom, and central symmetry. Symmetry serves as both an important internal exercise and a spatial awareness practice. Color choice plays a role in enhancing the design's impact, while maintaining the consistency of the cross-stitch is essential.
- Specific teaching content includes:
 1. Sewing small decorative pieces to attach to a sword sheath.
 2. Designing and sewing a 20 cm square piece, which is turned into a pencil case after attaching fabric and a zipper.

Student's Individual Performance:

- Deyuan shows enthusiasm and initiative in handicrafts. He has high standards for himself, follows instructions well in class, and is always attentive and focused on his work. He is willing to spend time outside of class working on handicrafts. His use of color is delicate, and his designs are creative. He is capable of working independently but also enjoys collaborating with classmates, demonstrating good social integration. His physical strength, especially in his fingers, is somewhat weak, requiring further practice. It is hoped that he will become more relaxed and confident in exploring new creative ideas.

Course Code: T0087 | Course Name: Percussion Music | Instructor: Tian Bo | Total Class Hours: 20

Course Description:

- In the context of anthroposophic-inspired education, focusing on individual self-awareness, this course integrates the spirit of traditional Chinese music's goals (harmony with oneself, others, and the environment). It uses the Six-Tune Seated Music Suite from Xi'an Drum Music as the core content, offering diverse perspectives (music, astronomy, human culture, and geography) to foster cultural confidence and the unique thinking patterns of Chinese culture in teenagers.

Student's Individual Performance:

- This semester, there has been noticeable change in the student, showing less agility and liveliness and more downward energy (often lying on the desk in a daze). Participation in class activities has decreased, and this is being monitored. There are no notable issues in social interactions with peers.

Course Code: L0120 | Course Name: English | Instructor: Feng Jinhui | Total Class Hours: 50

Course Description:

- The course continues to include verbal exercises, poetry, songs, and question-and-answer games. This year, text writing was introduced, which the students were looking forward to, and became the central theme. The course focuses on writing, spelling, and reading. Writing builds upon content learned in the previous three years, with students recognizing familiar vocabulary through repeated oral practice and then writing them down in word family lists (e.g., body parts, classroom items, seasons).
- The goal is for students to write poems, songs, and rhymes they've previously learned and expand their vocabulary through reading. Simple games like "Hangman" were used for reinforcement. Toward the end of the semester, five minutes of independent reading time was introduced, using Oxford Level books, as preparation for increased reading in fifth grade.

Student's Individual Performance:

- The student follows class activities well, works diligently, but takes a while to get fully engaged. They are very particular about adhering to rules.

Course Code: L0121 | Course Name: Japanese | Instructor: Zhao Yuehan | Total Class Hours: 50

Course Description:

- After learning all the Japanese hiragana, fourth graders move on to learning time, dates, days of the week, colors, animals, and fruit vocabulary. This also involves organizing previously learned words and reviewing past songs and rhymes, along with practicing many tongue twisters.

Student's Individual Performance:

- There has been a noticeable change, with a more playful side emerging. When focused, the student's quality of work is very high, but when distracted, they can easily be brought back on task. The student is now well-integrated with the rest of the class.

Course Code: T0089 | Course Name: Physical Education | Instructor: Wang Liwei | Total Class Hours: 40

Course Description:

- Fourth-grade physical education focuses on games that shift attention from "us" to "me," emphasizing polar experiences such as dreaming and waking, weakness and strength, safety and danger, or creation and destruction. This rhythm emphasizes the breathing element of contraction and expansion. In group competition games, the principle of separation becomes stronger, and the games become more intense. Students must awaken from the teacher's implanted imagery, and those still dreaming are caught.
- At this age, children may start challenging adult authority or feel detached from the group. Learning and respecting rules become increasingly important socially and morally. As children become more aware of their personal space, both physically and internally, the course responds by cultivating an awareness of spatial dimensions (up and down, left and right, front and back) through conscious movement.

Student's Individual Performance:

- The student enjoys physical activity, actively participates in games, and generally follows game instructions well, often communicating their thoughts and ideas with the teacher in a timely manner.

23T2

学生学习报告

学期: 23T2 (2023年下半年)

学生姓名: 闻德渊

学生编号: 3110292209

课程编号	W01007	课程名称: 主课2	任课教师: 王晓菲	总课时: 99
课程描述	<p>从五年级孩子意识发展出发, 此阶段的孩子, 经过三年级的意识转化和自我的第二次入驻, 孩子们对自己和世界又有了新的看法, 也就呈现出一种新的关系。沐浴着天下文明的光辉, 在世界不同的民族的但是具有相同意识发展的文化之下, 体会自己与世界的相遇。他需要足够稳定, 那是四年级的挑战与自信所经历后的清晰与美好。无论怎样, 我们都可以向这个世界学习, 万物皆可为师。板块的内容指向人类精神之光的发源处, 古代文明之光照耀着现在的每一个人, 溯源寻找到我们的初心, 孩子们会更坚定地走向未来。这是这个板块的核心目标, 即其教育的精神意涵。如同颂词所说。孩子们到此时, 最显著的意识发展特点是, 他可以回顾过去。这样一种特点代表他可以学习历史了。那回看人类发展的长河, 也就是他本身意识发展过程。当老师在课堂上讲述那人类的事件时, 他会深深地与自己融合, 带着同理, 带着人类共有的生命成长感受, 他的意识会更加广阔, 可以去向几千年几万年几十万年前, 可以走向世界的任何地方, 无论埃及无论印度。</p> <p>学生的个体评估, 大致会从意志、情感、思考和社会性发展情况等方面考虑, 进行描述。</p>			
个体表现	<p>这个小男孩很温和, 内在平静。会按照老师布置的任务去做, 但遇到困难时, 有时会影响行动力, 会放弃这件事。需要鼓励与陪伴, 增强其信心, 使热情升温。</p>			
课程编号	Y01031	课程名称: 艺术	任课教师: 任卓鹏	总课时: 15
课程描述	<p>五年级的孩子。他们身边的状况, 包括自然技术, 地理环境下共同生活比较感兴趣。他们在技术方面会更加的需要向前走一步。无论在心理层面还是在身体层面, 五年级孩子都处于一个特别协调发展的阶段, 这个时候有一种文化, 尤其符合他们的需要, 这就是将美和善居最佳氛围。现在孩子们可以完全自主行事, 努力画得更清晰和正确了, 他们可以用细一些的笔来绘画, 教师在布置任务时可以少说一些。方面包括明暗交汇, 从轻到重, 从重到轻, 从中间到四周, 从四周到中间反复练习。色彩也可以从冷到暖, 从暖到冷, 从深到浅, 从浅到深。他们使用的材料包括蜡块, 一块是很好的材料, 它比较宽, 画出东西来比较容易去调和。在调和好的背景上去画出孩子心中的一些细节图景。画面是生长出来的。其中也藏着将来的透视。还有一些色环的简介。总而言之, 五年级孩子通过大量的练习, 保证他们的技术方面有所提升。另一方面他们也在美中有很多的感受, 有很多来自于灵性世界的, 他们可以画出来非常漂亮的图景。这个五年级是我带的比较理想的班, 很专注, 很热爱绘画。他们的意志力也非常的强, 有很好的感受力。思考意志, 情感比较平衡。班级几乎不用管纪律。他们的跟随性很好。我对他们的工作非常的赞赏。</p>			
个体表现	<p>画面比较和谐。色彩丰富。再大胆一点, 画面中有更多的细节。</p>			
课程编号	T00976	课程名称: 音乐	任课教师: 金静	总课时: 26
课程描述	<p>五年级被称为童年的黄金时代, 孩子们的发展平衡优美。因此, 在音乐教学当中, 引入和声优美的合唱以呼应这种和谐和平衡。配合中国地理的学习, 学唱和长江黄河的歌曲。</p> <p>歌曲的演唱: 合唱《秋蝉》《采蘩》 《敬之》《小雪花》《嘟亚那》 齐唱《长江之歌》 《黄河颂》 音乐欣赏: 《小星星变奏曲》 竖笛二声部练习 节奏练习</p>			
个体表现	<p>刚认识你时, 你有些沉默, 现在越来越活泼啦, 我能听到你的歌声, 很好听。</p>			
课程编号	Y00975	课程名称: 手工	任课教师: 马蕾	总课时: 34

课程描述	<p>五年级孩子们的身体发育进入一个新的阶段，他们显得更灵活轻盈，肢体更舒展、优雅、平衡。在手工课上他们可以织一件与自己身体的某个部位形状一样的物品，然后将其穿在身上。在这个年龄，他们的双脚牢牢地站立在大地上，因此从脚开始是个不错的选择。在低年级他们已经体验过用两根棒针编织织片，很多学生也很享受编织，五年级他们将在之前所学基础上，学习用4-5根棒针进行的圈织，最终的作品是一双适合自己穿着的室内袜。袜子的编织过程涉及到复杂的三维造型，尤其是脚后跟的部位，既需要学生们在“舰队远航”的图景中理解袜根的造型方法，又需要他们充分调动数学计算能力。鼓励孩子们创造性地搭配袜子的颜色，选择自己真正喜欢、愿意穿在身上的颜色。两只袜子同时开始编织，齐头并进，以便保证配色、大小、形状的对称性，这个过程也需要孩子们充分调动意志力和耐心，在两只袜子间频繁的轮流工作。</p> <p>这个阶段儿童的“我”与世界的分化进一步发展，个体的“意志”开始萌发，“自我”意识日益增强，但个体自我尚在萌芽状态，班级中的强大的集体感出现。编织课提供了一个场域，孩子们在一起体验和感受编织的乐趣和挑战。每个孩子经由自己的工作获得信心和成就感，也经由小组的合作相互学习和交流。</p> <p>五年级上学期的手工课的学习内容分为两个部分，一是十字绣笔袋的缝制，二是用棒针编织袜子。延续四年级的十字绣工作，完成绣片的绣制、剪裁里衬布料并缝制，加装拉链。这个过程需要复习和巩固十字绣的走线方法和图案设计，学习疏缝、藏针缝和拉链的缝制方法。棒针编织这个过程中学生们复习了棒针的起针、上下针、加减针、收针的方法，学习了用4-5根棒针圈织的方法，尤其是螺纹针、上下针的辨别和、挑织、记号扣的运用、脚后跟的造型等是学习的重点和难点。每一步都需要运用思考和意志力，学生们先通过编织平纹织片复习了起针、上下针和收针，紧接着通过护腕的编织学习了圈织和螺纹针的方法，最后开始袜子的设计和编织，我们采用了从脚后跟开始编织的方法，借助“舰队远航”的图景不断增强学生的学习兴趣和信心。</p> <p>就具体的教学目标而言，本学期的手工课致力达成以下教学目标：</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1、在知识与能力上，巩固十字绣的交叉走线方式，感受色彩的配搭和图案的对称性；棒针编织巩固上下针，知道如何分辨上下针，掌握棒针松紧针的织法，做到针脚均匀松紧适度，掌握圈织的起针、分针、加减针方法，灵活运用4-5根棒针进行编织。可拓展个性化图案编织，理解并掌握其原理，进行图案设计和编织。 2、在学习习惯养成方面，增强对于工具和材料的合理使用、对作品的保管和收纳意识。 3、在情感目标上，达成对自己双手的确信和对完成工作的成就感。 4、在社交上既能够独立工作，有能够与他人合作，在小组合作中既能够清晰的表达自己的想法、感受和意图，又能够聆听老师和同学们的建议。
个体表现	<p>闻德渊同学对手工课有兴趣，他能够理解和掌握课程的内容，工作比较专注，情绪稳定，在小组合作中能够聆听他人并有效沟通。对于作品的配色有想法，并愿意为作品的品质付出努力，有求完美的倾向，理想和现实有差距的时候动力略显不足。希望未来的学习中，他能够对作品的收纳和保管更加有意识，能够更加大胆和果断的尝试，不惧怕犯错误。</p>

课程
相关
图片



课程编号	W00970	课程名称: 主课1	任课教师: 马蕾	总课时: 62
------	--------	-----------	----------	---------

课程描述	<p>通过四年级分数的学习，孩子们开始与破碎的数一起工作了，能否迅速地处理分数问题并不重要，更重要的是他们能够从外部环境中体验到分数，通过自己的经验以及与社会的学习。教学需要从整体推进到部分，从部分推进到整体，还涉及等值分数、扩分和约分等。在此之后，学习分数的四则运算。</p> <p>“我们必须努力找到从普通分数到小数的过渡，因此才不会显得不合理，或者离我们学生的日常生活太遥远。从开始就让同学们感觉到小数是基于实用性和便利性的一种惯用法。他们也应该感觉到从整数到第一位小数的过渡，只不过是基于构成十、百等数列计数法相同原则的一种继续-.....从一开始，孩子们应该意识到我们数字系统固有的惯性。那么很多其他的惯性就会简单地变成生活的一部分。如果能使孩子们意识到，基本上各种不同的人都依赖于一般协定，那么很多对于权威的错误信仰就会减少。”</p> <p>——鲁道夫·施泰纳：《教育的改革》（巴塞尔1920）</p> <p>根据斯坦纳提议，五年级数学教学的目标如下：</p> <p>（1）继续学习分数及小数，掌握数字的窍门，学生能够用整数和分数小数自由地转换。</p> <p>（2）开启几何的启蒙，为了使对于形状获得尽可能强烈的图景，建议他们一开始不要用圆规和直尺，而是徒手绘制。让学生感受到一些在实用和功利主义之上的维度是很重要的。如果在工作规则及方法之外，学生们能够感受到形式之美与几何的联系就更好了。允许同学们犯错，重新再次绘制几何图形，强烈建议同学们彼此之间的相互帮助。</p> <p>具体而言先复习了四年级的分数学习，进而学习了分数的种类和互化等，在此基础上学习了分数的四则运算，最后跨进小数的世界。五年级正是他们开始巩固初等数学基础的时候，新的小数主题的学习也为六年级百分数的学习搭建好一个舞台。当然，孩子们需要反复练习来提高他们的数学水平。徒手几何课程帮助孩子们以多种方式体验和创造“形”，这个过程在帮助他们发展精细动作、平衡觉、运动觉、空间感的同时，也在支持他们从内在发展出对“形”的感受。到了五年级开始进入初步的几何领域，孩子们依然通过徒手画对不同的几何元素之间的关系观察体验，主要涉及圆、角和多边形，每个形都有大量的变化。但是画得要更有意识，也需要额外的专注，因为图形的结构很有序，孩子们需要意志力的参与，图形最重要的鲜明的特质要被呈现出来。在不借助画图工具的前提下，孩子们徒手也力求画得准确，形的某些部分可以运用色彩或是明暗的变化来强调，优美和准确很重要。孩子们不光要欣赏几何的规则，同时也能欣赏其形状的美丽，以及它们那种绝对的规则性与美的相互依存，从而也为以后过渡到尺规几何、证明几何、立体几何打下基础。主要内容设计观察生活中的几个图形，用谷物或生活用品构建圆形、直线等几何图形，从圆和直线开启手绘图形，发现主要的几何图形：圆、三角形、五边形、六边形、正方形、菱形、平行四边形、梯形等，探索3、4、5、6、12等分圆并做图，探索生长变化的图形，学习角度、不同种类的</p>
------	--

	用 了 鼓乐编曲法，把和煦的大气，揉进二角形家族，四角形家族的特点。			
个体表现	闻德渊是一个非常自律而认真的孩子，对课程的内容充满好奇，课堂上参与度高，能够跟随老师的教学。对待作业和主课本的写作态度越来越认真了。能够与小伙伴很好地合作。这学期德渊的进步比较大，学习更加主动了，也更愿意提出自己的疑问了。			
课程编号	T00973	课程名称: 鼓乐	任课教师: 田波	总课时: 17
课程描述	在以人智学启迪下的儿童教育（或教育观）的发展下，处于意识灵心的时代（自我，个体化），以中国传统音乐追求（与己合、与他合、与环境合）的精神品质，使用西安鼓乐集贤乐社的六调坐乐套曲为教学轴心内容，在青少年教育中给予多元的（音声、天文、人文、地理）视角及思维模式，为青少年树立文化自信和建立中国文化特有的思维形态。			
个体表现	课堂中基本跟随，韵唱声音偏小，笙吹奏呼吸比较平衡，气力偏弱，指令或学习需要重复三次或以上，不断向老师确认，与他人社交未见不和谐			
课程编号	L00971	课程名称: 英语	任课教师: 凤金辉	总课时: 34
课程描述	<p>这个学期计划45课时，实际课时40课时</p> <p>英语教学在四年级学生们对耳熟能详的歌曲、韵文的书写、熟悉基础之上，进入到印刷读本的学习。三个版块，学习了三个故事。《pancake》《Goldilocks》和《the gingerbread boy》，读本学习的过程中代入了英语主格代词的学习，I am, you are, he/she/it is。为进一步推进自然拼读的学习，带孩子们熟悉了AGO卡牌的玩法，并且用一部分课堂时间让孩子们在教室练习。除此之外，也尝试带入自主阅读，用了Elephant & Piggie这套字体大、配图简洁、清爽、故事温馨幽默的系列读本，很多孩子对这套书感兴趣。</p> <p>整体的课堂节奏尽量做到动静结合、内容在15-20分钟转换，以此来带动孩子们在连堂课上保持专注和跟随。学期后期也采用了孩子们分组工作、互相带动学习的方式。总体上来讲班上的女同学跟随度相对男同学更好一些，对学习内容的吸收也更好。第一版块的pancake故事孩子们整体跟随比较理想。进入第二版块，Jazz chant版的Goldilocks的尝试音乐部分配合做不到，孩子们对故事内容的提前了解及同学们对一些简单重复的厌烦让课堂效果大打折扣。第三版块转入the gingerbread boy的学习，情况有好转，但是由于临近期末，活动多，孩子们相对更躁动，教学效果也受到限制。</p> <p>歌曲带了两首，匈牙利民歌headstrong horses和苏格兰民歌oh ro the rattling bog. 在韵律活动中，选用ready Oh, let's go, starting with xx, 通过内容的变化带领孩子们复习了比较多的食物类单词和日常物品的说法，也看到敢于开口的孩子越来越多了。通过抢椅子游戏，孩子们熟悉了If you like xxx, you move. If you are xxx, you move 这样的句式表达。在语言学习过程中，没有受迫感，开口说也不感到特别的紧张和压力，这是我希望的孩子们的状态。总体上看孩子们仍然葆有这样的状态，这是特别让我感到欣慰的。</p> <p>这学期，教学内容偏多，对能力弱的孩子来讲有比较大的压力，这个是需要后续调整的。教学的有效性需要老师特别关注到不同的孩子，这是教学的一大难点，也是老师在准备教学内容及在课上需要重点关注的。</p> <p>教学最后一周，安排了和孩子们一起做姜饼来结束五年的彼此陪伴，课后孩子们做了温馨的祝福卡片送给我，特别的温暖。感谢孩子们和各位家长们的支持，相信孩子们会在新老师的带领下越辣越好。祝福！</p>			
个体表现	这学期课堂上跟随的时间较上学期较少，和同学互动较多，容易被分神。学习内容吸收不理想			
课程编号	L00922	课程名称: 日语	任课教师: 赵月晗	总课时: 37
课程描述	<p>共计三个板块。第一个板块延续上个学期的内容排演了日语戏剧《桃太郎》并在学校为低年级孩子进行了演出。第二个板块结合游学体验与孩子们一起学习了日语得形容词。第三个板块进一步巩固前两个板块的内容，同时学习了精确的时间表达和一个小读本补充了形容词和名词。戏剧演出结束后，感觉孩子们和日语课的链接更加的加深，戏剧中的台词，谁都可以随时说出几句。课堂中的学习状态也比之前更加集中，专注。为了是听说之外，让读写的工作更加落地，第二个板块持续进行了绘本编写工作，让孩子们把所有的台词书写一遍。第三个板块，因为各种意外情况，上的比较的零散。内容进行完了，但是没有稳定的节奏和进一步巩固的机会。下个学期回来继续复习。</p> <p>分组上课，让老师在课堂上能够更好的看到每个个体，课堂上的进度也提高很多。</p>			

个体表现	<p>德渊在本学期前后呈现了两个不同的状态，分界点大概是在他剪短头发的时候。前期的他隐藏躲避在头发后面，上课经常忘记带东西，整体的精神面貌呈现出一种飘忽不定的状态。后期整个人都落地很多，上课的时候人在神也在，可以专注的听课跟随，眼神也清亮起来。对待工作的态度变得坚定，虽然也有不能及时做到的时候，但着都是正常的，只要一直保持在这个状态是可以慢慢跟上的。</p>			
课程编号	S00977	课程名称: 数学	任课教师: 刘瑞丽	总课时: 48
课程描述	<p>儿童发展特点: 在这个年龄段是能力快速增长的时期。在这个时期, 孩子的个子长高了, 同时在他的群体中还有着持续的物质力量, 孩子获得了一种这个年龄段固有的对动作的舒适感和优雅感, 协调、平衡和和谐的动作是这个发展段的基调。从心理上讲, “自我”世界分化进一步发展, 同时个人“意志”元素开始萌发, “自身”意识有所加强, 此时尽管个人自我意识才在摇篮中, 但是会出现一个强大的群体动态。孩子从认知上更可能以现实和推理的方式去理解问题和现象。思维过程中的图解元素在孩子的意识中仍然是重要的一部分。除了逐渐增长的记忆力外, 孩子们还培养了时间感。记忆力不仅使得孩子能够回顾过去、计划将来, 随着情感的加深, 它还会激发孩子的良知和责任感。</p> <p>□日常观察到班级情况: 同学们想提高他们的学习想以此而自豪, 想得到一些建设性反馈。同学们成熟一些了, 有能力深入理解更复杂的数学概念, 对前几年学的数学概念变得更加自信了。越来越体验到个体的力量在班级中呈现出来, 每个孩子都表现出带着独特天赋、才能与天战的强烈个性。</p> <p>□教学内容: 复习竖式四则运算, 复习分数的加减乘除, 复习通分约分, 复习找最小公倍数、学习分数的四则运算、心算(每日练习, 会加入半数练习, 简便运算)、简单的应用题、智趣题、学习一些简单的贴近生活的应用题。</p>			
个体表现	<p>由一开始的默默无闻、被动接受知识, 到后来的认真专注、积极参与并表达, 让老师见到了不一样的你, 同时也坚信只要你克服了懒惰和不自信这两大难关你会越来越优秀。加油!</p>			
课程编号	Y00974	课程名称: 木工	任课教师: 马军	总课时: 28
课程描述	<p>五年级, 孩子们进入生长发育的第一个平衡阶段, 孩子们经过四年级的木工打磨练习, 已经期盼着开始动刀子。</p> <p>五年级, 继续通过学习建立人与世界的联系, 经过了四年级人与动物的学习, 开始进入人与植物的学习板块, 同时, 数学中的徒手几何也在呼应着孩子们内在的平衡发展。</p> <p>所以, 五年级的木工课程围绕着人与动物的主题, 通过三维的立体雕塑, 让孩子们在学习雕刀的使用、意志力锻炼的同时, 帮助孩子们清晰立体感知, 为高中的几何学习打基础。</p> <p>本班的孩子们四下刚刚经历了主班的反复, 到本学期开学才终于确定了新的主班老师。孩子们, 尤其男生会有躁动不安的情绪。</p> <p>由此确定五上的木工课内容, 也恐怕是孩子们的人生中第一件木雕作品是--“人”——姿态端正的有敬畏感的人。</p> <p>同时, 通过立体雕刻的学习, 帮助孩子们拓展空间感觉, 为未来的几何学习做准备。</p> <p>关键词: 中心感与空间感、精细控制与准确操作。</p> <p>教学目标: 1、专注力的提升, 2、手部肌肉控制, 3、了解木纹的方向与不同处理方法 4、凸面的雕刻处理 5、作品的创作与完成 6、良好工作习惯的养成 7、安全意识的养成</p>			
个体表现	<p>闻德渊同学在本学期的木工课程中, 能跟随课程节奏, 完成课程要求, 耐心, 细致, 认真, 乐于沟通与交流, 中心感觉与形塑能力、凸面立体雕刻技术与精细肌肉控制也得到了锻炼。</p>			
课程编号	K01119	课程名称: 中国地理	任课教师: 王利伟	总课时: 36
课程描述	<p>五年级学生已经来到童年的中心时期。孩子们的眼光可以看到更远的地方了, 他们生活的自然环境中, 可以从本地扩展到更大的范围中去, 五年级的地理学习需要纵观整个中国了。地理有和历史不同的姿态, 历史和时间有关, 按时间的脉络去延展。地理是和空间有关的, 从当下身边开始, 从这里一点点扩展到更遥远的地方, 直至整个世界。地理其实是一部自然史, 而历史是一部文明史。</p> <p>地理其实是个综合性的课程, 它会把地域中的矿物、植物、动物等结合进来, 这个空间环境中的人们是如何生活的, 慢慢地会把历史也融入进来。</p> <p>自己备课时看到一本书, 书上曾强调地理教授的目的有两个: 一是唤醒孩子对地球的责任心; 二是唤</p>			

	<p>起孩子对所有人类手足之情。孩子学习地理，升起对自然环境的热爱和敬意，也会对不同地域生活的人保有尊重、关注和爱心，这对于孩子建立正确的世界观会产生巨大的影响。</p> <p>中国地理的学习，首先想先让孩子们从物理环境的角度去看待整个中国：河流、山川、森林等，这些元素更像是各种符号在书写中国的样貌，之后希望孩子们了解生活在中国各个地方的人们。也就是让孩子们真切的感受到：一方水土养育一方人。</p>			
个体表现	<p>一个温和、认真的孩子，对自己有明确的要求，所以很认真对待学习，这学期初比较“飘”，课堂不怎么跟随，需要老师的提醒，也会受到他人的影响，忘记自己的工作。中国地理版块，闻德渊课上跟随度比较高，感觉对地理比较感兴趣，积极互动，不过还是容易被同学或周边事物影响而抽离，需要老师的提醒，与大多数同学相比，主课本完成度不是很高。</p>			
课程编号	W00980	课程名称: 语文	任课教师: 吴婷	总课时: 47
课程描述	<p>教学内容:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1.汉字的故事，讲解汉字的构型与故事，感受汉字的构字组词特点，体会汉字蕴含的智慧。 2.声韵与拼音。讲解声母表、韵母表、声调表和整体认读音节，熟读《全拼音表》，学习《声律启蒙》； 3.书信与写作。讲解书信写作格式，通过书信的媒介学习写作记叙文。 <p>语文课程评估标准：语文基础（识字与写字、阅读与欣赏、表达与交流）、学习习惯、课堂参与、作业品质。</p>			
个体表现	<p>语文基础一般，学习习惯尚未养成，课堂参与度不高，像个小透明，作业很难完成。德渊的学习节奏比较慢，对于新知识的理解与接受能力也较慢，本学期都是老师找他，他很少会主动与老师交流，日常比较沉默，这是他的性格使然。希望德渊在下学期能够做到按时完成作业，老师也会持续地关注和督促他，这一点的进步，将会对他有很大的帮助！</p>			
课程编号	T00901	课程名称: 体育	任课教师: 齐承龙	总课时: 64
课程描述	<p>小学五年级体育课程以“健康体魄，活力人生”为核心理念，旨在通过多元化、综合性的教学内容与实践活动，进一步提高学生的身体素质，塑造良好的运动习惯，培养团队合作精神及竞技意识。本学期的体育课程在巩固四年级所学的基础动作技能和球类技术的基础上，将深化拓展各项专项技能训练。例如，在田径项目中，除了持续提升短跑、跳远、跳高等能力外，还会引入跨栏、标枪等更具挑战性的运动项目；在球类运动方面，强化篮球、足球等战术配合训练，并增加排球、乒乓球等更多元化的技能教学。此外，针对五年级学生身心发展特点，我们特别注重耐力、力量以及灵敏协调性等方面的全面锻炼，设计了一系列如接力跑、障碍赛、定向越野等富有挑战性和趣味性的团体活动，培养学生在复杂环境中的适应能力和竞争策略。同时，为增强学生的自我保护意识，我们将深入讲解各类运动的安全防护知识，引导学生规范地进行热身运动和拉伸放松，有效防止运动损伤的发生。通过组织校际友谊赛、运动会等活动，让学生在实践体验竞赛规则，感受团结协作的力量，从而树立公平公正、积极向上的体育精神。总结来说，五年级体育课程不仅关注学生的身体素质提升，更注重培养他们坚韧不拔的精神品质和良好的社交互动能力，旨在通过生动丰富的体育实践，激发学生对运动的热爱，促进他们的全面发展，为其未来的生活奠定坚实的身体和心理基础。</p>			
个体表现	<p>快速适应环境变化，善于抓住机遇，同时也能在相对稳定的环境中持续积累和成长。</p>			
课程编号	U00918	课程名称: 音语舞	任课教师: 赵子宣	总课时: 11
课程描述	<p>本学期的课程内容包括以下内容：更复杂的线性（五芒星） 继续阿波罗语法学习 面相前方做线形 通过音乐、姿势和运动来探索不同文化的特点 继续注意力练习和灵敏练习 继续大调音阶</p>			
个体表现	<p>在下半个学期在课堂上表现得比上半学期更加放松，肢体更加舒展。在一次带领入场的过程中，德渊表现出很好的空间感。大部分的时候他不太在群体中表达意见。</p>			

Student Learning Report

(Summary)

- Semester 23T2, Year 2023 second term
- Student Name: Wen Deyuan
- Student ID: 3110292209

Course Code: W01007

Course Name: Main Course 2

Instructor: Wang Xiaofei

Total Class Hours: 99

- Starting from the development of awareness in fifth graders, this stage marks the second phase of children's self-awareness, which first emerged in third grade. Children now view themselves and the world with renewed understanding, forming new relationships. Bathing in the brilliance of global civilizations, under the influence of cultures with similar developmental consciousness, they begin to understand their connection with the world. They need stability, which follows the challenges and confidence of fourth grade. Regardless of the circumstances, we can always learn from the world; everything can be our teacher. The content of this course points to the origins of human spiritual light, as ancient civilizations illuminate the path for today's people, helping them find their inner purpose. Children, at this stage, will be more determined to move toward the future. This is the core goal of this course, representing the spirit of true education.
- **Individual Evaluation:** This boy is gentle and calm. He completes the tasks assigned by the teacher. However, when faced with difficulties, he may lose motivation and give up. He needs encouragement and support to build confidence and rekindle enthusiasm.

Course Code: Y01031

Course Name: Art

Instructor: Ren Zhuopeng

Total Class Hours: 15

- Fifth graders are particularly interested in their surroundings, including natural technology and the geographical environment. They feel a need to progress further in technical aspects. At this age, both mentally and physically, fifth graders are in a stage of harmonious development. A culture that balances beauty and goodness fits their needs perfectly. They can now work more independently, making their drawings clearer and more precise.
- **Individual Evaluation:** His artwork is harmonious, and the colors are rich. He could be even more daring and add more detail to his work.

Course Code: T00976

Course Name: Music

Instructor: Jin Jing

Total Class Hours: 26

- Fifth grade is considered the golden age of childhood development, with balance and grace. In music, harmonious choirs are introduced to reflect this balance. The music learning aligns with geography studies by incorporating songs about the Yangtze and Yellow Rivers.
- **Individual Evaluation:** At first, you were a bit quiet, but now you're much more lively, and I can hear your beautiful voice.

Course Code: W00970

Course Name: Main Course 1

Instructor: Ma Lei

Total Class Hours: 62

- **Course Description:** Through the fourth-grade fraction lessons, students began to work with fractions. The goal is not to solve every problem but to understand fractions through real-world experiences. The course also introduces operations with fractions, decimals, and eventually geometry.
- **Individual Evaluation:** Wen Deyuan is a disciplined and curious student. He has made significant progress this term, becoming more proactive and willing to ask questions.

Course Code: T00973

Course Name: Drumming

Instructor: Tian Bo

Total Class Hours: 17

- **Course Description:** Drumming lessons combine elements of Chinese traditional music and various cultural perspectives to enhance students' musical development and cultural confidence.
- **Individual Evaluation:** Wen Deyuan follows the lessons but needs instructions repeated frequently. His drumming rhythm is soft, and he needs to improve his breathing techniques while playing the flute.

Course Code: L00971
Course Name: English
Instructor: Feng Jinhui
Total Class Hours: 34

- This term, students continued learning through stories like *Pancake*, *Goldilocks*, and *The Gingerbread Boy*. The teaching focused on introducing English grammar, natural phonics, and using playful methods like AGO cards.
 - **Individual Evaluation:** Wen Deyuan was more distracted this term compared to the last and often engaged in group activities. His absorption of the learning content needs improvement.
-

Course Code: L00922
Course Name: Japanese
Instructor: Zhao Yuehan
Total Class Hours: 37

- **Course Description:** Students performed a Japanese play titled *Momotaro* and learned about adjectives and precise time expressions. The play deepened their connection with the Japanese language.
 - **Individual Evaluation:** Wen Deyuan demonstrated increasing focus and engagement during Japanese lessons, particularly after the play performance.
-

Course Code: 500977
Course Name: Mathematics I
Instructor: Liu Ruili
Total Class Hours: 48

Course Description:

At this stage of child development, students are experiencing a period of rapid growth. As their physical stature increases, they also develop a sense of coordination, balance, and grace, which brings comfort and elegance to their movements. Psychologically, the differentiation of the "self" begins, with a growing awareness of their own willpower. While personal self-awareness is still in its early stages, there is a powerful group dynamic within this age group. Children at this stage begin to approach problems and phenomena with reasoning and a more realistic perspective. Visual elements in their thought processes remain important, alongside an increasing memory capacity, which helps them reflect on the past and plan for the future. Their deepening emotions also foster a sense of conscience and responsibility.

Class Observations:

In daily classroom observations, students appear eager to improve their learning, take pride in their progress, and seek constructive feedback. They are becoming more mature and capable of understanding complex mathematical concepts, gaining confidence in the math they learned in previous years. As students grow, their individual strengths and talents become more pronounced, showcasing their unique abilities.

Teaching Content:

- Review of vertical calculations for the four basic operations (addition, subtraction, multiplication, and division)
- Review of fractional operations: addition, subtraction, multiplication, and division
- Simplifying and finding common denominators
- Learning to find the least common multiple
- Advanced practice in fractional operations
- Mental math (daily exercises, including halving and simplified calculations)
- Simple word problems and puzzles
- Application problems related to daily life

Individual Performance:

At the beginning of the semester, you were more reserved, passively absorbing knowledge. However, you gradually became more focused, actively participating and expressing your thoughts. This transformation has allowed the teacher to see a different side of you. As long as you overcome laziness and a lack of confidence, you are bound to improve and excel further!

Course Code: Y00974

Course Name: Handicrafts

Instructor: Ma Jun

Total Class Hours: 28

- In class, they can weave objects shaped to fit parts of their body, such as socks. Fifth graders will build on their previous experience and learn circular knitting with 4-5 needles, creating a pair of indoor socks. This project involves complex 3D shaping, especially around the heel, requiring both math skills and creativity.
 - **Individual Evaluation:** Wen Deyuan is interested in handicrafts, understands the content, and works diligently. He is calm and communicates well in group tasks. He has creative ideas for color matching and works hard to achieve perfection.
-

Course Code: KO1119
Course Name: Chinese Geography
Instructor: Wang Liwei
Total Class Hours: 36

Course Description:

Fifth-grade students are in the middle of childhood, a period where their perspective broadens, allowing them to see further beyond their immediate surroundings. Geography study at this stage expands to cover all of China. Unlike history, which follows a timeline, geography focuses on space, starting from the local environment and gradually expanding outward to more distant places, eventually covering the entire world. Geography is, in essence, a natural history, while history is a record of civilization.

Geography is a comprehensive subject that integrates various elements of the natural environment, including minerals, plants, and animals, along with the way people live in different regions. Over time, historical aspects are also incorporated into the study.

In preparing for this course, one book emphasized two primary goals of geography education: awakening a sense of responsibility for the Earth and fostering respect, care, and compassion for others. This learning experience plays a significant role in helping students develop a well-rounded worldview.

The study of Chinese geography begins with an exploration of China's physical environment—rivers, mountains, forests—elements that serve as symbols shaping the image of the country. Students are then encouraged to understand the people living in various regions, helping them realize the deep connection between the environment and the people it nurtures.

Individual Performance:

A gentle and serious student, this child sets clear expectations for himself and approaches learning with great dedication. At the start of the semester, they had some difficulty following the lessons and often needed teacher reminders. The student can easily be distracted by peers or surrounding events. In the Chinese geography section, the student showed increased interest and engagement, actively participating in class discussions. However, they still required occasional reminders to stay focused, and their main textbook work was not completed to the same extent as that of other classmates.

Course Code W01239
Course Title: Chinese Language
Teacher: Wu Ting
Total Hours: 47

Course Description: The curriculum includes the study of poetry, classical and modern texts, and essay writing. Evaluation is based on language skills, class participation, and homework.

Unfortunately, one student has struggled to complete homework and participates minimally in class discussions. This lack of engagement may hinder the development of their willpower. I encourage the family to provide more support and guidance at home to help the student overcome these challenges.

Course Code T01238

Course Title: Physical Education

Teacher: Qi Chenglong

Total Hours: 64

Course Description: Students are encouraged to actively participate in all activities, building a clear understanding of movement, and applying this knowledge in games and exercises.

The student shows enthusiasm and creativity, participating fully in group activities and exercises. However, they are sometimes quiet when speaking English and need to build more confidence.

Course Code: U00918

Course Name: Dance

Instructor: Zhao Zixuan

Total Class Hours: 11

Course Description:

This semester's content mainly includes the following:

- More complex linear patterns (such as the five-pointed star)
- Continued study of Apollo's grammar
- Practicing linear movements facing forward
- Exploring the characteristics of different cultures through music, posture, and movement
- Continued attention to balance and agility exercises
- Continued practice of major scales

Individual Performance:

In the second half of the semester, the student appeared more relaxed in class, with more fluid body movements. During one instance of leading the group into the space, the student demonstrated a good sense of spatial awareness. However, in most group exercises, the student is still not very vocal in expressing opinions.

学生学习报告

学期: 24T1 (2024年上学期)

学生姓名: 闻德渊

学生编号: 3110292209

课程编号	T01236	课程名称: 音乐	任课教师: 张哲	总课时: 29
课程描述	<p>结构:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1课前摆桌椅, 扫地 (2) t 2点名, 律动 (5) t——s 3复习 (5) s——s 4集体视唱, 吹奏, 学习新内容 (20) s——t 5示范带领, 分组练习 (10) ts——ts 7集体合唱或合奏两遍 (5) s——s <p>内容:</p> <p>课堂上我们会有韵律, 练习竖笛的音阶, 琶音。用高音竖笛和歌唱复习本学期歌曲, 让同学们习惯看指挥, 学习指挥, 识谱, 视唱, 学习新歌曲等内容</p> <p>具体如下:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 第一首:《春游》三声部 第二首:《琐罗亚斯德赞歌》古波斯 第三首:《春暖花开》(轮唱) 第四首:《一起唱歌》英文 第五首:《尼罗河畔》(合唱) 第六首:《皎洁月光》(轮唱) 第七首:《春光好》(合唱) 第八首:《以色列》(轮唱) 第九首:《树之歌》(多声部) 第十首:《天空的力量》(三声部) 第十一首:《奥林匹克赞歌》(两声部) 第十二首:《长江之歌》 第十三首:复习《橘颂》 第十四首:《生命之舞》 第十五首:《黄河大合唱》片断 第十六首:《我们都有一个家》 第十七首:《我的中国心》 			
个体表现	<p>工作专注, 负责, 有品质有担当。能与同学良好互动。乐感好。可以很好地参与课堂活动。课堂上安静, 沉稳。望继续努力</p>			
课程编号	Y01389	课程名称: 艺术	任课教师: 任卓鹏	总课时: 13
课程描述	<p>五年级孩子越来越有兴致, 越来越紧地关注着他们身边的状况, 大自然技术关注着, 不同地理环境下的人们共同生活, 他们在老师的指导下画植物的时候, 能够画得更精确而美观, 从而使自己的观察自然现象的眼光更加的敏锐, 现在孩子可以完全自主的形式, 努力画得更精细, 更清晰, 更准确, 他们用, 可以用细一点的笔刷, 教师在布置任务的时候可以少说一点, 然而绘画必须始终借助各种手法保留其主要的关注点则, 在植物绘画表现中尤其明显一些特定的绘画绘图的手法, 比如说明暗交汇现在可以贴切的。为书籍和扉页和内页描绘插图了。在五年级继续强调色环, 他了解四环的不同的位置, 让他们熟悉色环六年级的艺术, 做好准备。</p> <p>五年级孩子越来越有兴致, 越来越紧地关注着他们身边的状况, 人类历史的发展, 不同地理环境下的人们共同生活.....他们在老师的指导下画植物的时候, 能够画得更精确而美观, 从而使自己的观察自然现象的眼光更加的敏锐, 现在孩子可以完全自主的形式来参与到艺术活动中来。在这一学年的后半期可以将植物学的初步介绍作为第二个主课板块。学生们将学习低级和高级的植物; 单子叶植物和双子叶植物; 部分有花植物; 从旧种子到新种子的植物生力画得更精细, 更清晰, 更准确, 他们用, 可以用细一点的笔刷, 教师在布置任务的时候可以少说一点, 然而绘画必须始终借助各种手法保留其主要的关注点则, 在植</p>			

	初学画表现中凡具明一些特定的绘画绘画的手法，比如流动暗文汇现在可以贴切的。为书籍和网页内页描绘插图了。在五年级继续强调色环，了解色环的不同的搭配，为六年级物理课以及艺术活动做好准备长；周期和季节，以及昆虫世界和它与植物王国的关系。艺术课也可以为主课作为服务			
个体表现	有创造力，有想象力，内在活力丰富。需要在绘画的后半段在细节地方深入的工作。			
课程编号	W01152	课程名称: 主课1	任课教师: 马蕾	总课时: 40
课程描述	<p>五年级的孩子正处于“童年的心脏”，在这个平衡点上，也是回顾过去，展望未来的好时刻。古代文明版块中学生们走出了现实时间，穿梭于古印度、古波斯、古巴比伦和古埃及的神话和文明发展的长河中。他们以人类文明发展的大视角，以神话故事、文明史诗的叙事方式追溯、感受、体验人类文明曙光初现之时，世界上不同区域不同种族的人们所创造出的令人惊叹的文明形态和意识状态。五年级古代文明的教学重点并非聚焦于文明研究深入性、考古或历史的精细化研究上，而是通过聆听久远的故事，史诗和英雄传说，并借助该文明的最典型的音乐和舞蹈、绘画和塑形等形式来体验和感受文明特质。</p> <p>四周的版块基本上一周学习一种文明，古文明的故事贯穿其中，教学中选取了每一个文明中最经典的文本，如史诗、传说等。例如：古印度中的《罗摩衍那》、古波斯的《波斯古经》；古巴比伦的《吉尔伽美什》；古埃及的《奥西里斯与伊西斯》等。孩子们沉浸于古代文明的故事中，结合音乐、舞蹈、绘画、服饰和手工艺等艺术体验，如印度版块期间的印度舞、唱诵和瑜伽体验，古波斯的文物观摩、古巴比伦的泥板楔形文字书写、古埃及的莎草画绘制等形式。为了鼓励学生自主学习和探究，在古埃及文明学习的过程中采用了小组项目的方式，就组内共同感兴趣的主题进行探索，用海报和演讲的方式呈现小组研究成果。</p>			
个体表现	<p>闻德渊对待学习态度认真严谨，学习状态安静而内敛，有自己的工作节奏，不温不火，对工作品质有内在要求。遇到困难时，有时羞于表达和求助，老师不易觉察到他的需求，需要成人对此更有意识。尤其是在工作开始的时候比较慢热，需要更多的鼓励和个体性支持帮助他启动。主课本的完成度有提升空间。在小组项目中能与组员融洽相处，积极贡献力量。遗憾这个板块缺勤4节，影响了学习的进度。希望未来的学习中更加勇敢的尝试和表达。</p>			
课程编号	T01235	课程名称: 鼓乐	任课教师: 田波	总课时: 14
课程描述	<p>这是内在和谐、平衡、优雅的一个阶段。孩子们想和这个世界链接，虽然逐渐清醒，但仍然处于一个图景的国度。“对孩子来说，重要的不是马上理解每一件事，只要在课程中有着丰富的体验就行了。体验的过程中，他们会慢慢地发掘出正在学习的东西的真理——斯坦纳”。</p> <p>鼓乐特质：笙吹奏时使用腹式呼吸法（呼吸意识化）进行呼吸，肺就能够完全被使用。本学期以“平衡”为核心，通过笙这个乐器的持续学习，体验笙这个乐器的特点“呼奏”与“吸奏”，之后尽可能达到呼奏与吸奏的平衡，以及对笙的音量、音色的把握，和手指与身体的配合，和他人的配合。</p>			
个体表现	<p>课堂中比较跟随，有较好的品质，持续力好，接受度强。能较好的掌握笙吹奏的组合指法，基本能做到“呼奏”与“吸奏”之间的平衡以及手指与身体的协调以及对音色音量的把握。社交上未见与他人不和谐。</p>			
课程编号	S01232	课程名称: 数学	任课教师: 孙士迪	总课时: 39
课程描述	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1、整数的四则运算，括号的使用。估算。 2、分数四则运算的熟练，异分母分数加减法、分数的乘法、分数的除法。 3、小数四则运算的熟悉，四舍五入。 4、周长、面积的介绍。正方形、长方形、平行四边形、三角形面积的介绍。 			
个体表现	<p>上课能够跟随，看似心不在焉，但实际上是在思考。学习有自己的节奏，也有自己的思考。不急不躁，有时候老师都会看着着急，但是他不会着急。</p>			
课程编号	W01393	课程名称: 主课3	任课教师: 孙士迪	总课时: 92
课程描述	<p>一、小数板块</p> <p>孩子们的跟随性很好。因为有之前整数和分数的基础，而且生活中也已经接触了小数，孩子们理解小数很容易。但是在数位练习上还是需要进一步的清晰和熟悉。尤其是小数的除法，移动小数点仍然是一个不好理解的难点。主课本完成的很好，课程结束，除了个别的同学，基本都能完成。</p> <p>二、古希腊板块</p> <p>孩子们的跟随性很好。讲故事的时候都能够沉浸在故事里。复述故事的时候还是几个喜欢复述的孩子</p>			

	<p>复述,更多的孩子会模仿。女孩们在写故事的时候,有几个孩子故事的细节都描述的很详细。还是有个别的孩子在故事的情节上不太清楚。有个别的孩子在写故事的时候有困难。有的是写字有困难,很多字不会写,有一个孩子是不知怎么组织语言。这个孩子答应主课本假期完成,可以参考其他同学的主课本。在讨论问题的时候都很活跃,他们很有自己的想法,能够清晰表达自己的想法。</p> <p>三、植物板块</p> <p>孩子们的跟随性很好。喜欢主课本工作,喜欢把主课本画的很漂亮。色彩应用很好。主课本的设计也很有自己的创意。主课本的完成很好。孩子们对每一种植物都很有兴趣。因为课时的原因,植物观察只进行一次,很遗憾。植物观察的过程孩子们也很喜欢,能够从感官客观地观察植物。</p>			
个体表现	<p>在主课上能够跟随,喜欢有一些自己的小动作,提醒下能够收回。能够独立思考,有自己的想法,不太愿意分享,喜欢听别人分享,能够很好的理解课程内容。主课本工作有自己的要求,在速度上需要提高。</p>			
课程编号	L01240	课程名称: 日语	任课教师: 赵月晗	总课时: 46
课程描述	<p>第一板块 (2月26日~~3月16日, 共计15节课)</p> <p>教学构思----迎接春天的到来, 与孩子们本学期的人与植物板块进行关联。复习上个学期的内容。</p> <p>教学内容----整个板块的主要内容分为三个部分:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1, 复习上学期的形容词和时间, 继续歌唱《大きな古時計》。 2, 学习了文本《花のみち》。单词22个, 全部整理到主课本, 并进行了练习书写。文本4段, 书写并配图在主课本上。 3, 将之前学习过的身体部位进行了落地书写工作。身体部位共书写了20个, 除了五官外, 都是大部位的书写认读。整理到主课本并进行了练习书写。 <p>教学活动:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1, 寂静无声----抛接沙包。与孩子们的几何板块相呼应, 锻炼专注与合作的品质。 2, 配合文本的教学活动是在校园里种一条“花之路”---带领孩子们在学校的南广场的石子路两侧种花。 <p>第二板块 (4月8日~5月5日, 共计17节课)</p> <p>教学构思----同步学生意识状态—古代文明, 学习日本的神话故事, 该故事内容在3年级刚开始学习假名式, 作为创世故事引入使用, 本学期再次进行深入扩展。同时在单词学习时, 引入大量动词, 为后续讲动词语法进行铺垫。</p> <p>教学内容----《因幡白兔》剧本学习。4幕对话, 40个单词。</p> <p>教学活动----继续进行沙包的抛接, 增加了逆向沙包以及横向沙包。</p> <p>每一幕结束后, 通过绘画方式呈现。</p> <p>第三板块 (5月28日~6月14日 共计13课时)</p> <p>教学构思----呈现剧本, 为演出熟读或背诵剧本。</p> <p>教学内容----分组以不同方式呈现剧本。共分为4组, 分别以偶戏, 皮影戏, 画片, 图画形式呈现剧情。同学们自行准备道具排练。</p> <p>教学活动----为低年级同学和家长演出。</p>			
个体表现	<p>德渊在本学期更加开朗, 社交中也更加愿意跟不同的孩子们互动, 社交关系有了一个转变。智性学习相对较慢, 但平时他似乎不太有情绪。后续戏剧读台词的时候, 可以感到他有了很大的压力, 自己表达在背诵方面会比较慢, 这种紧张又会让他更加困难。希望他能保持轻松愉悦的心态。</p>			
课程编号	Y01234	课程名称: 手工	任课教师: 陈春华	总课时: 29
课程描述	<p>一、教学背景: 儿童发展特点、日常观察到的班级情况等。</p> <p>五年级孩子身体普遍长高, 身体的活动更加协调, 在运动中能看到他们的动作变得更和谐优雅。与此同时, 他们基本上完成了从乳牙到恒齿的退换 (包括臼齿), 他们的脸型也充分展现个性化。五年级孩子有了更多自我意识的出现, 他们对周围的世界充满好奇心, 对一切事物都非常感兴趣, 因此他们无论在学习和工作上, 都提高了去挑战困难的能力和勇气。这个班级目前有学生28, 其中男生15名, 女生13名。上个学期这个班分两组, 以每组每周2课时的节奏进行授课。本学期将采取合班连堂授课, 教学仍以每周两节的节奏来安排。</p> <p>一、教学目标</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. 继续激发孩子们对劳动的热爱和对手工的兴趣。 2. 培养孩子良好的工作态度和习惯 (如何提前准备工具、材料, 工作过程安静工作、举手提问、不随意走动、收拾整理等)。 3. 帮助每个孩子找到适合自己的工作方式和节奏。 			

<p>4. 在手工中鼓励孩子们发挥自己的能动性，敢于探索，创造和发现。</p> <p>5. 掌握手缝基本功：起针、跑马针、回针、锁针、斜线绣、链式绣、钉针绣；学习编绳；能积极、认真地完成服装及配件的测量、裁剪及缝合。</p> <p>6. 提高孩子们审美力。</p> <p>二、教学内容：</p> <p>古奥服的制作：</p> <p>今年每个孩子为自己制作战袍、花环、腰带、披风和名牌。整个体验过程包含测量、画图、裁剪布料、徒手窝边（最后体验熨斗窝边）、基础针法的学习（根据孩子的不同能力或需求采用跑马、回针、斜线绣、链式绣、勾缝和藏针等针法）和编绳等丰富的实践内容。其中最挑战的工作在于披风（四边）、主体战袍（八边）、花边（四边）的缝合。</p> <p>古奥服的工作非常繁琐，细节太多，课时又很有限，很多学校的老师会选择删减孩子的工作量，但我还是希望他们能完整地体验全程，因此教学还是从测量、绘图和裁剪布料开始，让他们一步步独立完成每个阶段的工作。前期孩子们进展比较缓慢，通过练习他们逐渐熟练，到了学期中期整体的工作效率逐渐提升，后期在主班的支持下，我们额外增加了一些课后的工作时间，大家都能及时赶在古奥会之前完成了所有的服饰。在整个工作的过程能看到每个孩子的意志力得到了不同程度的发展，大家都尽了自己最大的努力，他们也由此收获了自信和满足。古奥会之后孩子们在课堂上分享了他们的观察和感受，很多孩子非常自豪地提到了他们在这次活动中对比了每个学校的古奥服饰，他们认为自己的服装工序最多，制作的实用性和品质都非常好，没有一件衣服需要在活动中返工或加固，这些感受将成为他们未来工作的新动力。</p> <p>古奥会之后已经接近期末，孩子们没有时间继续上学期的袜子收尾工作，这项工作将持续至下个学期，预计开学后第一个月完成。</p>				
个体表现	<p>热爱手工，享受工作。有一定的手工能力，工作比较细致，对工作品质有自己的内在要求，但是工作节奏偏慢，有时需要老师及时提醒和关注，意志力有待加强。希望未来能更加积极主动，“现阶段完成比完美更重要。”</p>			
课程编号	L01335	课程名称: 英语	任课教师: 陈春华	总课时: 29
课程描述	<p>教学目标：知识与能力、学习习惯养成、课堂管理、核心价值观（教育的精神意涵）。</p> <p>1 通过图景、节奏、韵律和角色艺术化的教学方式和鲜活的学习内容，激发孩子对英语学习的兴趣，提高他们学习的主动性，提升内驱力。</p> <p>2 引导他们逐步适应从低年级到中年级的教学节奏和教学方式。逐步从游戏和听说逐渐进入文本的学习和阅读，以及逐步适应听、说、写和读融为一体的整体学习。</p> <p>3 鼓励他们通过多元感官的参与去习得语言，培养良好的语言学习习惯，帮助每个个体找到适合自己的学习方式和节奏。</p> <p>4 学习呼应节气和孩子当下意识状态的诗歌、韵文、晨圈律动，开启阅读文本的常规教学，鼓励他们用艺术化的方式去分享和呈现习得的内容，逐渐能学以致用。</p> <p>5 中西方文化互动（复活节、端午节等）</p> <p>本学期刚接手五年级的英语教学工作，今年的课程时间也极为特殊，因为英语板块恰好遇上了五年级的两次游学，原计划45课时，实际教学课时只有28节。由于教学时间比较紧张，我一再将教学的内容和安排做了多次的精简和有机整合，这个学期主要进行以下教学实践：</p> <p>1 学习诗歌、韵文和晨圈律动；</p> <p>2 以听、读、演的方式学习核心读本 PETER PAN；</p> <p>3 利用晨读复习诗歌韵文，同时引入两个课外读本（泛读）THE UGLY DUCKLING 和 THE ENORMOUS TURNIP；</p> <p>4、日常英语会话：（A）自我介绍。（B）天气。（C）日期。（D）星期。（E）数字（基数词 1~100/序数词 1~12）。（F）兴趣/爱好。</p> <p>5、英语书法：花体字的引入，我们一起在课堂上体验了字母 A~E 的花体字的书写过程。</p> <p>6、主课本的工作：数字和水果（少量）；</p> <p>7、教学输出：小组项目——英语小戏剧/ 英语角色扮演。</p> <p>小戏剧主要是让孩子们输出学过的文本及诗歌等内容，引导孩子们分组合作，自导自演。老师根据孩子们的语言能力和兴趣，分四组进行角色扮演或小戏剧练习，期末有三组完成小组项目并向二年级、四年级四个班展演。其中皮影戏小组的孩子们将在假期继续打磨，预计在开学第一个月完成。这个学期英语课堂的核心读本以听、读、说、背、演（未来还有写）的方式进行，重点在于营造场景和氛围，让孩子感受语言的实践运用。这种“演”不是真正的戏剧，我更倾向于称之为角色扮演或即兴小戏剧，因为我们语言课时非常有限，我们要尽可能在最短的时间能让他们有更多浸润式的语言环境，创设更多有利于个体去运用</p>			

	<p>今年考虑到内容安排的性价比，语言教学的重点立足于听说和读，尤其是培养孩子的阅读习惯，找到适合个体的学习方式和节奏，让他们能够更好地通过自然的方式去习得语言。每个孩子都是独一无二的，我一直坚信每个个体孩子有自己的兴趣、节奏和学习方式，成人能做的是尽可能去帮助他们找到真正契合他们的学习方式，最重要的是帮助他们养成良好的学习习惯、建立健康可持续的学习节奏，培养强有力的意志力。</p> <p>从他们的晨读、课堂参与情况来看，他们对语言学习有兴趣，也初步有了一定的节奏和习惯，他们逐渐从低年级的玩耍、听、说进入中高年级以阅读为核心，融合听、说、写、读为一体，以自主学习和探究为主的学习方式，他们在多元的教学活动中能和老师、同学进行积极、和谐地互动，整体的学习状态良好。</p>			
个体表现	对英语学习有兴趣，学习态度端正。说英语时音量较小，但是整体比较享受。在晨圈律动环节，比较跟随投入。在期末的小戏剧中，他与组员有默契的配合，有担当。希望未来更加自信，享受过程。			
课程编号	Y01233	课程名称: 木工	任课教师: 马军	总课时: 30
课程描述	<p>五年级，孩子们处于二次身高发育前的协调、平衡与和谐阶段。个人“意志”与“自我意识”都开始萌发。力量与精细控制也在同步增长。</p> <p>五年级下半学期的木工课程，配合“古奥会”的主题，先是开展了意志的锤炼。给孩子们用约10次课的时间，尝试用比上学期的榫木坚硬的多的榉木，进行手锤的制作，因为是在以后的课程中，会持续使用的工具类作品，所以没有对精细化进行过多的要求，以功能实现（手掌可以有效抓握）为主，也给了孩子们自我发挥的空间，全班28位同学，展现了28种样貌，像一面镜子，让老师从一个侧面窥见了孩子们当前各自的状态。</p> <p>在本学期后五分之二的课程中，带领孩子们使用自己制作的手锤，开始了木碗的挖凿工作。这次进行了全新的尝试，即根据每个孩子自己设计确定的尺寸形状以及课程中意志力表现的不同，给出了另外4种不同硬度的木料（杏木、樱桃木、南美黑胡桃木、梧桐木），给到了孩子们更多的探索空间，也减弱了横向比较的可能。也为六年级完成更精细作品，争取了一些工作时间。</p> <p>课程节奏： 到教室课程准备（工作服、工作板、工具、作品） 颂词，开始上课 每人根据自己的进度，开展工作 下课颂词，收拾</p> <p>手锤工作要点： *稳定中心点，不偏移 *力量的控制 *根据自己的抓握习惯，设计并确定锤柄造型 *角度的截切方法掌握与习练 *木头的顺纹、逆纹的观察与不同的削切处理方法</p> <p>木碗工作要点： *稳定中心点，不偏移 *由内而外的工作步骤 *内空间的挖掘，以加强空间感受力，为后续的几何课程学习做准备 *360度体验，木头的顺纹、逆纹、弦切面与截面的不同点，与不同挖凿处理方法</p>			
个体表现	热情活泼，认真，有创意，善于交流，中心感觉好			

课程
相关
图片



课程编号

W01320

课程名称: 主课2

任课教师: 王利伟

总课时: 24

课程描述	<p>五年级学生已经来到童年的中心时期。孩子们的眼光可以看到更远的地方了，他们生活的自然环境中，可以从本地扩展到更大的范围中去，五年级的地理学习需要纵观整个中国了。地理有和历史不同的姿态，历史和时间有关，按时间的脉络去延展。地理是和空间有关的，从当下身边开始，从这里一点点扩展到更遥远的地方，直至整个世界。地理其实是一部自然史，而历史是一部文明史。</p> <p>地理其实是个综合性的课程，它会把地域中的矿物、植物、动物等结合进来，这个空间环境中的人们是如何生活的，慢慢地会把历史也融入进来。</p> <p>自己备课时看到一本书，书上曾强调地理教授的目的有两个：一是唤醒孩子对地球的责任心；二是唤起孩子对所有人类的手足之情。孩子学习地理，升起对自然环境的热爱和感恩，也会对不同地域生活的人保有尊重、关注和爱心，这对于孩子建立正确的世界观会产生巨大的影响。</p> <p>中国地理的学习，首先想先让孩子们从物理环境的角度去看待整个中国：河流、山川、森林等，这些元素更像是各种符号在书写中国的样貌，之后希望孩子们了解生活在中国各个地方的人们。也就是让孩子们真切的感受到：一方水土养育一方人。</p>			
个体表现	<p>一个温和、公正、做事认真的孩子，对自己有明确的要求，所以很认真对待学习。平时爱和周围小伙伴相互“挑逗”，所以容易有小摩擦，遇到自己认为不公正的摩擦时，偶有大的情绪出现。这学期课堂跟随度有所提高，不过是需要老师的关注和提醒，也会受到他人的影响，忘记自己的工作，他在进入到专注的工作前，是需要很长时间的。这学期中国地理版块，闻德渊课上跟随度比较高，对地理比较感兴趣，积极互动，但课上是需要老师提醒的，与大多数同学相比，主课本完成度不是很高。</p>			
课程编号	W01239	课程名称: 语文	任课教师: 吴婷	总课时: 49
课程描述	<p>教学内容：诗歌、古文、现代文等的选篇学习；习作。</p> <p>评估从语文基础能力、课堂参与、作业三个方面进行。</p>			
个体表现	<p>本学期几乎没有收到过德渊的语文作业，他的整体状态要比大家慢很多，没有作业便很难了解到他对学习内容的掌握情况，不知道他吸收了多少，又在哪里有困难。德渊也很少参与课堂讨论，很少主动与老师交流。一直无法完成作业的状态若持续下去，对他意志力的发展是不利的。老师的支持是有限的，希望课后家庭能够多给予他帮助与陪伴，一起慢慢帮助他，克服目前遇到的困难。</p>			
课程编号	T01238	课程名称: 体育	任课教师: 齐承龙	总课时: 62
课程描述				
个体表现	<p>良好的运动能力，积极参与所有体验，在练习与游戏中更好的构建清晰的图景，并在图景中完成动作，游戏中有自己的想法去实践。</p>			

Study Report

(Summary)

Semester: 24T1 (First Semester of 2024)

Student Name: Wen Deyuan

Student ID: 3110292209

Music Course (Course Code: T01236)

- **Teacher:** Zhang Zhe
- **Total Hours:** 29
- **Course Description:**
 - Class activities included tasks such as arranging desks, rhythmic exercises, group singing, and learning new content.
 - Songs studied: *Spring Outing*, *Zoroastrian Hymn*, *Spring Blossoms*, *Singing Together* (in English), *Beside the Nile*, and more.
- **Individual Performance:** Active in class, with a good sense of rhythm, but needs encouragement to speak up when facing difficulties.

Art Course (Course Code: Y01389)

- **Teacher:** Ren Zhuopeng
- **Total Hours:** 13
- **Course Description:**
 - Focused on detailed botanical illustrations, understanding color theory, and preparing for future art challenges in the 6th grade.
- **Individual Performance:** Demonstrates creativity and imagination but needs to work more on refining details.

Main Course 1: Ancient Civilizations (Course Code: W01152)

- **Teacher:** Ma Lei
- **Total Hours:** 40
- **Course Description:**
 - Students explored ancient civilizations such as India, Persia, Babylon, and Egypt, engaging with their mythology, music, dance, and art.

- Emphasis was on storytelling and hands-on projects like Egyptian hieroglyphics and artwork.
 - **Individual Performance:** Demonstrates a serious and quiet learning attitude, contributing well to group projects, but missed four sessions which affected progress.
-

Percussion Music (Course Code: T01235)

- **Teacher:** Tian Bo
 - **Total Hours:** 14
 - **Course Description:**
 - Focused on breathing techniques and coordination while playing the Sheng, a traditional Chinese wind instrument.
 - **Individual Performance:** Good mastery of breathing and finger coordination techniques, socially cooperative in class.
-

Mathematics (Course Code: 501232)

- **Teacher:** Sun Shidi
 - **Total Hours:** 39
 - **Course Description:**
 - Covered operations with whole numbers, fractions, decimals, and basic geometry (perimeter and area).
 - **Individual Performance:** Maintains a steady learning pace, thoughtful but sometimes slow to react, which can make teachers anxious.
-

Main Course 3: Plants and Botany (Course Code: W01393)

- **Teacher:** Sun Shidi
 - **Total Hours:** 92
 - **Course Description:**
 - Focused on botany and detailed plant observation. Students created colorful, creative notebooks detailing their observations.
 - **Individual Performance:** Generally engaged, enjoys working on notebooks, but needs to increase focus during class and improve overall completion rate.
-

Main Course 3: Plants and Botany (Course Code: W01393)

Japanese

Course Number: IL01240

Instructor: Zhao Yuehan

Total Class Hours: 46

First Section (February 26 - March 16, total of 15 lessons)

Teaching Plan:

- Welcoming the arrival of spring, linking it to the "People and Plants" theme that the children are learning this semester.
- Reviewing the content from last semester.

Teaching Content:

The main content of this section is divided into three parts:

1. **Reviewing adjectives and time expressions from last semester**, and continuing to sing the song "Great Luck in the Ancient Dark Words."
2. **Learning the text "Flower Residence"**: 22 vocabulary words, all organized in the main textbook, followed by writing practice. The text consists of 4 paragraphs, which are written and illustrated in the main textbook.
3. **Writing practice for previously learned body parts**: A total of 20 body parts were written down. Aside from the five senses, the focus was on larger body parts. These were organized in the main textbook, followed by writing practice.

Teaching Activities:

1. **Silent Sandbag Toss**: This activity aligns with the children's geometry lessons, promoting focus and teamwork.
2. **Related to the text**: The activity was to plant a "Flower Path" in the school, guiding the children to plant flowers along the stone paths on the south square of the school.

Second Section (April 8 - May 5, total of 17 lessons)

Teaching Plan:

- Aligning with students' awareness of ancient civilizations, learning about Japanese mythology. This content was introduced in the third grade when students first learned Hiragana, using it as a foundation for creation myths. This semester, the study is expanded in depth.
- During vocabulary study, **many verbs were introduced**, laying the foundation for upcoming verb grammar lessons.

Teaching Content:

- Learning the script of "The Hare of Inaba," consisting of 4 acts of dialogue and 40 vocabulary words.
- Continuing with sandbag toss practice, adding challenges like diagonal throws and defensive plays.
- After each act, students illustrate the scenes through drawings.

Third Section (May 28 - June 14, total of 13 lessons)**Teaching Plan:**

- Presenting the script, preparing for performances by reading and memorizing lines.

Teaching Content:

- Dividing into groups to present the script in various forms, including puppetry, shadow play, picture shows, and illustrations. The students prepared their props and rehearsed independently.

Teaching Activity:

- Performances for younger students and parents.

Student Progress Report:

Deyuan has become more outgoing this semester and is more willing to interact with different children, showing a shift in his social relationships. His individual academic performance remains strong, but he generally seems emotionally reserved. During rehearsals, he appeared to be under significant pressure, especially with memorizing lines, which he found challenging. His nervousness made the task even harder. We hope he can maintain a light-hearted and relaxed mindset moving forward.

Handicrafts (Course Code: Y01234)

- **Teacher:** Chen, Chunhua
- **Total Hours:** 29
- **Course Description:**
 - The main project was creating traditional outfits, which included measuring, cutting, and sewing various components.
- **Individual Performance:** Enjoys crafts and is meticulous, but works at a slower pace and needs reminders to stay on track.

Course Code: L01335 | **Course Name:** English | **Instructor:** Chen Chunhua | **Total Hours:** 29

Course Description:

Mathematical Objectives: Knowledge and ability, development of learning habits, classroom management, and core values (educational spirit).

1. By using artistic teaching methods such as images, rhythm, role-playing, and vivid learning content, this course aims to spark children's interest in learning English, increase their initiative, and enhance their internal motivation.
2. It guides them to gradually adapt to the teaching pace and style transition from lower grades to middle grades, moving from play and oral expression to text-based learning and reading, and integrating listening, speaking, writing, and reading into a cohesive learning experience.
3. The course encourages children to acquire language through multi-sensory participation, fostering good language learning habits and helping each child find a suitable learning method and rhythm.
4. Students will learn poems, rhymes, and morning circle rhythms that resonate with the seasons and their current awareness, while beginning to engage in regular text reading. They are encouraged to present learned content in artistic ways, gradually applying what they have learned.
5. The course also incorporates cultural activities from both Western and Chinese traditions (e.g., Easter, Dragon Boat Festival).

This semester marked my first time teaching fifth-grade English, and it was unique due to two study tours that overlapped with the English section. Originally, 45 lessons were planned, but only 28 actual lessons took place. Due to the tight schedule, I streamlined and integrated the course content, focusing on the following teaching practices:

1. Learning poetry, rhymes, and rhythmic movements.
2. Studying the core text *Peter Pan* through listening, reading, and performing.
3. Reviewing poems and rhymes during morning reading sessions, while introducing two extracurricular reading books (*The Ugly Duckling* and *The Enormous Turnip*).
4. Daily English conversation practice: (A) Self-introduction (B) Weather (C) Dates (D) Days of the week (E) Numbers (Cardinal: 1-100 / Ordinal: 1-12) (F) Interests and hobbies.
5. Introduction to cursive English calligraphy: We practiced writing letters A-E in class.
6. Main textbook activities: Focus on numbers and a few fruits.
7. Teaching output project: small English plays/role-playing exercises.

The small plays are designed to help children demonstrate their understanding of texts and poems through group work and self-directed performances. The teacher organizes the

students into four groups based on their language abilities and interests for role-playing and practice. By the end of the semester, three groups had completed their projects and performed for second and fourth graders. One group will continue to refine their project during the holiday, aiming to complete it in the first month of the new semester. The core textbook was taught through listening, speaking, memorizing, and performing (with some writing). The focus was on creating an immersive environment where students could experience language in practical use. This "performance" is not true theater but more like role-playing or improvisation, as we have limited language teaching time and need to maximize immersive language exposure.

Considering this semester's time constraints, the course emphasized listening and speaking, especially cultivating students' reading habits and helping them find their own learning pace. Each child is unique, and I firmly believe each child has their own interests, rhythm, and learning style. As educators, our role is to help them discover their best learning method, nurture good habits, establish a sustainable learning rhythm, and cultivate strong willpower.

Based on classroom performance and participation, the students showed high interest in language learning and started to develop consistent habits. He have gradually transitioned from the play-oriented learning of lower grades to reading-based learning in middle grades, integrating listening, speaking, writing, and reading, with an emphasis on independent learning and inquiry. He actively engage in diverse teaching activities, collaborating harmoniously with both the teacher and classmates. Overall, their learning status is good.

Course Code: W01239 | **Course Name:** Chinese | **Instructor:** Wu Ting | **Total Hours:** 49

Course Description:

The course includes selected readings of poems, classical texts, and modern literature, as well as writing assignments.

Assessment is based on Chinese language skills, class participation, and homework.

Throughout the semester, very few Chinese assignments were received, and the student's overall progress was slower than others. It is difficult to assess their mastery of the learning content, and it is unclear what they have absorbed or where they are struggling.

The student rarely participates in class discussions or communicates with the teacher. This persistent lack of completed assignments is detrimental to their willpower development. The teacher's support is limited, and additional help from home is necessary to overcome current challenges.